

INCH-POUND

MIL-DTL-83513E
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SUPERSEDING
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DETAIL SPECIFICATION

CONNECTORS, ELECTRICAL, RECTANGULAR, MICROMINIATURE, POLARIZED SHELL, GENERAL SPECIFICATION FOR

This specification is approved for use by all Departments
and Agencies of the Department of Defense.

1. SCOPE

1.1 Scope. This specification covers polarized shell, microminiature, rectangular connectors.

1.2 Classification.

1.2.1 Class

- P - All plastic (shell and insulator)
- M - Metal shell (plastic insulator)

1.2.2 Type

- I - Crimp contacts (nonremovable)
- II - Solder contacts (nonremovable)

2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

2.1 General. The documents listed in this section are specified in sections 3 and 4 of this standard. This section does not include documents cited in other sections of this standard or recommended for additional information or as examples. While every effort has been made to ensure the completeness of this list, document users are cautioned that they must meet all specified requirements documents cited in sections 3 and 4 of this standard, whether or not they are listed.

2.2 Government documents.

2.2.1 Specifications, standards, and handbooks. The following specifications, standards, and handbooks form a part of this document to the extent specified herein. Unless otherwise specified, the issues of these documents are those listed in the issue of the Department of Defense Index of Specifications and Standards (DODISS) and supplement thereto, cited in the solicitation (see 6.2).

Beneficial comments (recommendations, additions, deletions) and any pertinent data which may be of use in improving this document should be addressed to: Defense Supply Center Columbus, ATTN: DSCC-VAI, 3990 East Broad Street, Columbus, OH 43216-5000 by using the Standardization Document Improvement Proposal (DD Form 1426) appearing at the end of this document or by letter.

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SPECIFICATIONS

FEDERAL

- A-A-59551 - Wire, Electrical, Copper (Uninsulated).
- A-A-59588 - Rubber, Silicone.

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

- MIL-W-22759/11 - Wire, Electric, Fluoropolymer-Insulated, Extruded TFE, Silver-Coated Copper Conductor, 600-Volt.
- MIL-W-22759/33 - Wire, Electric, Fluoropolymer-Insulated, Crosslinked, Modified ETFE, Light Weight, Silver-Coated High Strength Copper Alloy Conductor, 600-Volt, 200°C.
- MIL-M-24519 - Molding Plastics, Electrical, Thermoplastic.
- MIL-C-26074 - Coatings, Electroless Nickel, Requirements for

(See Supplement 1 for list of associated specifications).

STANDARDS

FEDERAL

- FED-STD-H28 - Screw Thread Standards for Federal Services.

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

- MIL-STD-202 - Test Methods for Electronic and Electrical Component Parts.
- MIL-STD-681 - Identification Coding and Application of Hookup and Lead Wire.
- MIL-STD-790 - Reliability Assurance Program for Electronic Parts Specifications.
- MIL-STD-810 - Environmental Engineering Considerations and Laboratory Tests.
- MIL-STD-1285 - Marking of Electrical and Electronic Parts.
- MIL-STD-1344 - Test Methods for Electrical Connectors.

(See Supplement 1 for list of associated specifications).

HANDBOOKS

- MIL-HDBK-454 - General Guidelines For Electronic Equipment.

(Unless otherwise indicated, copies of the above specifications, standards, and handbooks are available from the Defense Printing Service Detachment Office, Bldg. 4D (Customer Service), 700 Robbins Avenue, Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094.)

2.3 Non-Government publications. The following documents form a part of this document to the extent specified herein. Unless otherwise specified, the issues of the documents, which are DoD adopted, are those listed in the issue of the DoDISS cited in the solicitation. Unless otherwise specified, the documents not listed in the DoDISS are the issues of the document cited in the solicitation (see 6.2).

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AMERICAN SOCIETY OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERS

- ASME Y-14.5 - Dimensioning and Tolerancing.

(Applications for copies should be addressed to the American Society of Mechanical Engineers 345 East 47th Street, New York, NY 10017.)

AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR TESTING AND MATERIALS (ASTM)

- ASTM A 342 - Standard Test Method for Permeability of Feebly Magnetic Materials
ASTM A 693 - Precipitation Hardening Stainless and Heat Resisting Steel Plate, Sheet, and Strip.
ASTM A 967 - Chemical Passivation Treatments For Stainless Steel Parts.
ASTM B 85 - Aluminum-Alloy Die Castings, Standard Specification for.
ASTM B 221 - Aluminum and Aluminum Alloy Extruded Bars, Rods, Wire, Profiles and Tubes.
ASTM B 488 - Gold for Engineering Uses, Electrodeposited Coatings of.
ASTM B 733 - Metal, Autocatalytic Electroless Nickel-Phosphorous Coatings on.
ASTM D 5138 - Liquid Crystal Polymers, Standard Specification for.
ASTM D 5927 - Thermoplastic Polyester (TPES) Injection and Extrusion Materials Based on ISO Test methods, Standard Specification for.
ASTM D 5948 - Compounds Molding, Thermosetting.
ASTM E 595 - Material from Outgassing in a Vacuum Environment, Total Mass Loss and Collected Volatile Condensable, Standard Test Method for.

(Applications for copies should be addressed to the American Society For Testing And Materials, 100 Barr Harbor Dr. West Conshohocken, PA 19428.)

AMERICAN NATIONAL STANDARDS INSTITUTE (ANSI)

- ANSI/NCSL Z540-1 - Calibration Laboratories and Measuring and Test equipment, General Requirements.

(Applications for copies should be addressed to the American National Standards Institute, Inc. 1430 Broadway, New York, NY 10017.)

ELECTRONIC INDUSTRIES ASSOCIATION (EIA)

- EIA-557 - Statistical Process Control Systems.

(Application for copies should be addressed to the Electronic Industries Alliance, Engineering Department, 2500 Wilson Boulevard, Arlington, VA 22201.)

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDS (ISO)

- ISO 10012-1 - Equipment, Quality Assurance Requirements for Measuring, Part 1: Meteorological Confirmation System for Measuring Equipment.

(Applications for copies should be addressed to the American National Standards Institute, 11 West 42nd Street, New York, NY 10036.)

INSTITUTE FOR INTERCONNECTING AND PACKAGING ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS

- J-STD-004 - Requirements for Solder Fluxes
- J-STD-005 - Requirements for Solder Paste
- J-STD-006 - Requirements for Electronic Grade Solder Alloys, Fluxed and Non Fluxed Solid Solders for Electronic soldering applications.

(Applications for copies should be addressed to the Institute for Interconnecting and Packaging Electronic Circuits, 2215 Sanders Road, Northbrook, IL 60062.)

SOCIETY OF AUTOMOTIVE ENGINEERS (SAE)

- SAE AMS 2404 - Nickel, Electroless, Plating
- SAE AMS-QQ-A-250/11 - Aluminum Alloy 6061, Plate and Sheet.
- SAE AMS-QQ-P-416 - Plating, Cadmium (Electrodeposited).

(Applications for copies of should be addressed to the Society of Automotive Engineers, Inc., 400 Commonwealth Drive, Warrendale PA, 15096-0001.)

(Non-Government standards and other publications are normally available from the organizations which prepare or which distribute the documents. These documents also may be available in or through libraries or other informational services.)

2.4 Order of precedence. In the event of a conflict between the text of this document and the references cited herein (except for related associated detail specifications, specification sheets or MS sheets), the text of this document takes precedence. Nothing in this document, however, supersedes applicable laws and regulations unless a specific exemption has been obtained.

3. REQUIREMENTS

3.1 Specification sheets. The individual item requirements shall be as specified herein and in accordance with the applicable specification sheets. In the event of any conflict between requirements of this specification and the specification sheets, the latter shall govern. Dimensioning and Tolerancing shall be in accordance with ANSI-Y-14.5.

3.2 Qualification. Connector assemblies furnished under this specification shall be products that are authorized by the qualifying activity for listing on the applicable qualified products list before contract award (see 4.5 and 6.3).

3.2.1 Quality.

3.2.1.1 Statistical process control (SPC). The contractor shall implement and use statistical process control techniques in the manufacturing process for parts covered by this specification. The SPC program shall be developed and maintained in accordance with EIA-557. Where SPC cannot be utilized because of non-continuous production requirements, a lot sampling plan for inspection in accordance with table IX with $c = 0$ can be utilized. The SPC and $c = 0$ programs shall be documented and maintained as part of the overall reliability assurance program as specified in EIA-557 and MIL-STD-790. Evidence of such compliance shall be verified by the qualifying activity of this specification as a prerequisite for qualification.

3.3 Materials. Materials shall be as identified herein or as approved by the qualifying activity. However, when a definite material is not specified, a material shall be used which will enable the connectors to meet the performance requirements of this specification. Acceptance or approval of any constituent material shall not be construed as a guarantee of the acceptance of the finished product.

3.3.1 Reference critical interface, materials, platings and processes. The identified reference critical interface, materials, platings, and processes have been established to provide assurances that connectors manufactured to this specification will properly interface to similar industry standard or government specified connector systems without problems of electrochemical contamination of critical electrical or mechanical interfaces or generation of incompatible mechanical interface surface wear products. The manufacturers of connectors supplied to this specification are allowed to use alternate recognized industry standard materials, platings, and processes from those identified in 3.3. Alternate materials, platings and processes used must be coordinated with the qualifying activity as part of the qualification process. Use of alternates to those referenced guidance items by the supplier must not result in inferior short or long term performance or reliability of supplied connectors as compared with connectors manufactured using the referenced materials, platings, or processes. Short or long term failures or reliability problems due to use of these alternates shall be the responsibility of the supplier.

3.3.1.1 Recycled, recovered, or environmentally preferable materials. Recycled, recovered, or environmentally preferable materials should be used to the maximum extent possible provided that the material meets or exceeds the operational and maintenance requirements, and promotes economically advantageous life cycle costs.

3.3.2 Dissimilar metals. When dissimilar metals are employed in intimate contact with each other, protection against electrolytic corrosion shall be provided as specified in guideline 16 of MIL-HDBK-454.

3.3.3 Nonmagnetic materials. All parts used shall be made from materials, which are classed as nonmagnetic (see 3.5.1).

3.3.4 Contact materials. Contacts shall be made of suitably conductive copper based alloys. All contacts shall be suitably protected from corrosion.

3.3.5 Contact plating. Contacts shall be gold plated in accordance with ASTM B 488 type 3, class 1.27 (50 micro inches minimum), grade C over suitable underplate. Silver underplating shall not be used.

3.3.6 Dielectric materials.

3.3.6.1 Inserts. Inserts for class M connector material shall conform to the requirements of type GDI-30F or type SDG-F in accordance with ASTM D5948 or any glass filled thermoplastic materials in accordance with ASTM D5927 or MIL-M-24519 (color optional).

3.3.6.2 Inserts. All plastic class P connectors shall conform to the requirements of type GDI-30F or SDG-F in accordance with ASTM D 5948 or types GCT-30F, GPT-30F, GET-30F, or GST-40F in accordance with ASTM D5927 or MIL-M-24519 or GLCP-30F or GLCP-50 in accordance with ASTM D5138 or MIL-M-24519 (color optional).

3.3.7 Shells. Shells shall be die cast or extruded aluminum in accordance with type A380 in accordance with ASTM B 85, or bar stock aluminum in accordance with ASTM B 221, or aluminum alloy 6061, 2024, and 7075 in accordance with SAE-AMS-QQ-A-250/11 or 300 series stainless steel passivated in accordance with SAE-AMS-QQ-P-35 or ASTM A967.

3.3.7.1 Finish (class M). Cadmium plated in accordance with QQ-P-416, type II, class 3. A suitable underplate is permissible for aluminum shells when cadmium plating is used. Shells shall be electroless nickel-plated in accordance with MIL-C-26074, class 3 or 4, grade B or AMS 2404 or ASTM B 733, for space applications only.

3.3.8 Fungus resistant. Materials used in the construction of these connectors shall be fungus inert (see 4.2.5).

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3.3.9 Interfacial seals. Seals shall be made from silicone or fluorosilicone elastomer in accordance with A-A-59588.

3.3.10 Flux. When flux is used, it shall conform to type RMA flux, soldering liquid, (rosin base) in accordance with J-STD-004, 005, or 006.

3.4 Design, construction, and physical dimensions. Connectors shall be of the design, construction and physical dimensions specified (see 3.1). Connectors shall be so designed that neither the pins nor the sockets will be damaged during normal mating of counterpart connectors.

3.4.1 Contact design. Contacts shall be the reverse gender type. The live pin shall be installed in a protective insulator with the static socket protruding from a suitably shrouded insulator.

3.4.1.1 Solder contacts. Solder contacts shall be nonremovable from the insert and shall have solder cup terminals as specified (see 3.1). Solder cups shall be so designed that during soldering no components shall be damaged and no liquid solder shall escape.

3.4.1.2 Crimp contacts. Crimp contacts shall be nonremovable from the insert.

3.4.1.3 Contact identification. Contact position number one shall have an identifiable mark placed on the surface or side of the number one contact position.

3.4.2 Insert design and construction. Inserts shall be designed with suitable sections and radii such that they will not readily chip, crack, or break in assembly or in normal service. Inserts shall be molded in or bonded into the metal shell (class M) or as specified (see 3.1). Pin inserts shall provide adequate protection against a socket contacting a pin before the mating pair of connectors has been polarized. The insert shall be so designed that the insert cannot be removed from the shells (class M) in accordance with the retention requirement of 3.5.17. The contact retention system shall provide positive retention.

3.4.2.1 Insert arrangement. The contact arrangement shall be as specified by the connector Part or Identifying Number (PIN) (see 3.1).

3.4.2.2 Contact alignment and stability. With all contacts in place, the alignment of pin/socket contacts shall always permit engagement irrespective of buildup of allowable tolerances on hole locations, distortion of contacts due to crimping, and insulator location in the shell.

3.4.3 Shell design (class M). The shell shall be designed to positively retain the insulator and shall be constructed so that the insulator cannot be removed (see 3.4.2).

3.4.3.1 Shell polarization. Polarization shall be accomplished by a keystone shape shell design with polarization accomplished before engagement of the pins and sockets.

3.4.3.2 Mounting hardware (see MI-DTL-83513/5 for mounting hardware options). Hardware shall conform to ASTM A693, ASTM A967, and FED-STD-H28 (see 3.1). Mounting hardware is to be ordered independently of connectors and will be supplied loose pack unless otherwise specified.

3.4.4 Interchangeability. All connectors and accessories having the same military PIN shall be completely interchangeable with each other and MIL-DTL-83513 having the same military PIN with respect to installation (physical), performance (function) and intermateability, as specified herein. Solder and crimp contact connectors shall be intermatable (see 3.1).

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3.4.5 Pigtail wire. Insulated wire shall be MIL-W-22759/11, except MIL-W-22759/33 (corrosion has been experienced on M83513 connectors that are prewired with MIL-W-22759/33 and stored in a sealed environment. CAUTION SHOULD BE EXERCISED WHEN USING THIS WIRE), shall be used for space applications. Uninsulated wire shall be in accordance with A-A-59551.

3.5 Performance. Connectors shall be designed to meet the performance requirements specified herein.

3.5.1 Magnetic permeability. The relative permeability shall not exceed 2.0 μ when measured as specified in 4.5.3, except for hardware, see 3.1.

3.5.2 Mating and unmating force. The maximum mating and unmating force shall not exceed a value equal to 10 ounces times the number of contacts. Testing shall be as specified in 4.5.4.

3.5.3 Contact retention. Contacts for connectors shall be retained in the insulators by a 5-pound minimum force in accordance with 4.5.5.

3.5.4 Dielectric withstanding voltage. Mated or unmated connectors shall show no evidence of breakdown or flashover when subjected to the test voltages and altitude of table I. Corona shall not be considered as specified in 4.5.6.

TABLE I. Test voltage (rms 60 hertz ac volts). 1/

	All classes and types initial	After humidity types I and II	
		Class M	Class P
Sea level	600	360	100
70,000	150	---	---

1/ These are not working voltages.

3.5.5 Insulation resistance. The insulation resistance of mated connectors shall conform to the applicable requirements of table II when tested in accordance with 4.5.7.

TABLE II. Insulation resistance.

Humidity conditioned (see 4.5.10)		All other conditions
After step 6 to method 1002 of MIL-STD-1344	After 24 hours of conditioning (method 1002 of MIL-STD-1344)	
<u>Megohms (min)</u> 1	<u>Megohms (min)</u> 1,000	<u>Megohms (min)</u> 5,000

3.5.6 Contact resistance. Contact resistance for mated pairs of pin and socket contacts including wire shall be as required by table III when tested in accordance with 4.5.8. A test current of less than 2.5 amperes is permitted for group B testing only, with the corresponding millivolt drop changes.

TABLE III. Contact resistance (millivolts).

Contact size	Wire size AWG	Test current (amperes)	Millivolt drop		Wire type
			Initial	After salt spray	
24	26	2.5	65 maximum	70 maximum	MIL-W-22759/11 (stranded)
24	26	2.5	75 maximum	80 maximum	MIL-W-22759/33 (stranded)
24	26	2.5	60 maximum	65 maximum	A-A-59551 <u>1/</u> (solid)
24	26	25	60 maximum	65 maximum	A-A-59551 <u>1/</u> (solid)

1/ Sleeving is permitted for testing purposes only.

3.5.7 Contact engagement and separation forces. Pin contacts shall conform to the forces specified in table IV when tested in accordance with 4.5.9.

TABLE IV. Contact engagement and separation forces (ounces).

Contact size	Maximum individual engagement force (ozs) using minimum diameter test sleeve	Minimum individual separation force (ozs) using maximum diameter test sleeve
24	6.0	0.5

3.5.8 Temperature cycling. There shall be no damage detrimental to the operation of the connector after being subjected to the temperature extremes of table V when tested in accordance with 4.5.10.

TABLE V. Temperature extremes.

Extremes	°C
Low	-55 +0, -3
High	+125 +3, -0

3.5.9 Humidity. Connectors shall meet the applicable dielectric withstanding voltage and insulation resistance requirements (see 3.5.4 and 3.5.5) when tested as specified in 4.5.11.

3.5.10 Resistance to soldering heat. When tested in accordance with 4.5.12, type II connectors shall be visually inspected and show no evidence of distortion or physical damage and shall meet the dimensional requirements of 3.4.

3.5.11 Solderability. Type II contacts shall withstand the test conditions for solderability as specified in 4.5.13.

3.5.12 Vibration. Mated connectors shall not be damaged and there shall be no loosening of parts due to vibration. Counterpart connectors shall be retained in the mated condition and there shall be no interruption of electrical continuity or current flow longer than 1 microsecond when tested as specified in 4.5.14.

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3.5.13 Shock. Mated connectors shall not be damaged and there shall be no loosening of parts, nor shall there be an interruption of electrical continuity or current flow longer than 1 microsecond during the exposure to mechanical shock, as specified in 4.5.15.

3.5.14 Durability. Counterpart connectors shall show no mechanical or electrical defects detrimental to the operation of the connector as specified in 3.5.2, 3.5.6, and 3.5.7 after 500 cycles of mating and unmating as specified in 4.5.16.

3.5.15 Salt spray (corrosion). Mated connectors shall show no exposure of base metal due to corrosion which will affect performance as specified in accordance with 3.5.2, 3.5.3, 3.5.6, and 3.5.19 when tested as specified in 4.5.17.

3.5.16 Fluid immersion. After being subjected to the fluid immersion test of 4.5.18, connectors shall mate within the forces specified in 3.5.2 and within the distance D note on figure 1.

3.5.17 Insert retention (class M). Insulators shall not be dislocated from their original positions when an axial load of 50 pounds per square inch (psi) is applied as specified in 4.5.19.

3.5.18 Crimp tensile strength (type I contacts only). When tested as specified in 4.5.20, the wire shall not break or pull out of the crimp at less than 5 pounds, 10 pounds for M22759/33***. Wire breakage other than at the crimp shall not constitute failure.

3.5.19 Low-signal level contact resistance. When tested in accordance with 4.5.21 the contact resistance shall be as shown in table VI.

TABLE VI. Contact resistance (milliohms).

Contact size	Wire size AWG	Milliohms maximum	Wire type
24	26	28	MIL-W-22759/11 (stranded)
24	26	32	MIL-W-22759/11 (stranded)
24	25	25	A-A-59551 (solid)
24	24	25	A-A-59551 (solid)

3.5.20 Thermal vacuum outgassing (space classes only). The entire connector assembly, when tested in accordance with 4.5.22 shall have maximum total mass loss (TML) of 1.0 percent of the original specimen mass and shall have a maximum volatile condensable material (VCM) content of 0.1 percent of the original specimen mass.

3.6 Marking. Each connector shall be marked in accordance with method I of MIL-STD-1285, and shall include the military PIN (see 3.1), the manufacturer's name or CAGE code symbol, and date code.

3.7 Workmanship. Connectors and accessories shall meet all design dimensions and intermateability requirements of this specification. Loose contacts, poor molding fabrication, damaged or improperly assembled contacts, peeling or chipping of plating or finish, galling of mated parts, nicks and burrs of metal parts and post molding warpage will be considered adequate basis for rejection of items of quality inferior for the purpose intended.

4. VERIFICATION

4.1 Classification of inspection. The inspections specified herein are classified as follows:

- a. Qualification inspection (see 4.3).
- b. Conformance inspection (see 4.4).

4.2 Inspection conditions. Unless otherwise specified herein, all inspections shall be performed in accordance with the test conditions specified in the "GENERAL REQUIREMENTS" of MIL-STD-202 and MIL-STD-1344.

4.2.1 Preparation of samples. Connectors with electroless nickel-plated shells shall be wired with the appropriate length of wire conforming to MIL-W-22759/33, (26 AWG). All other connector samples shall be wired with the appropriate length conforming to MIL-W-22759/11, (26 AWG). Termination of wires to contacts shall be crimped or soldered.

4.2.2 Test equipment and inspection facilities. Test and measuring equipment and inspection facilities of sufficient accuracy, quality, and quantity to permit performance of the required inspection shall be established and maintained by the contractor. The establishment and maintenance of a calibration system to control the accuracy of the measuring and test equipment shall be in accordance with ANSI/NCSS Z540-1, ISO 10012-1 part 1.

4.2.3 Assembly plants. Assembly plants must be listed on or approved for listing on the applicable qualified products list. The qualified connector manufacturer shall certify that the assembly plant is approved for the distribution of the manufacturer's parts. The assembly plant shall use only piece parts supplied by the qualified connector manufacturer. No testing other than visual inspection is required on certified piece parts obtained from the qualified connector manufacturer, except when there is cause for rejection. All assemblies produced at the assembly plant shall be subjected to examination of product to assure that the assembly process conforms with that established at the qualified manufacturing plant. Quality control requirements, including government inspection surveillance, shall be the same as required for the qualified connector manufacturer.

4.2.4 Established reliability and high reliability practice. An established reliability and high reliability practice shall be established and maintained in accordance with MIL-STD-790. Evidence of such compliance shall be verified by the qualifying activity of this specification as a prerequisite for qualification and continued qualification.

4.2.5 Fungus resistance. Certification of method 508.5 of MIL-STD-810 is required (see 3.3.8).

4.3 Qualification inspection. Qualification inspection shall be performed at a laboratory acceptable to the Government (see 6.3) on sample units produced with equipment and procedures normally used in production. Use of alternate materials, platings and processes (see 3.3.1) shall be identified for inclusion in the product test documentation.

4.3.1 Sample size.

4.3.1.1 Connectors. To qualify all connector sizes, samples of the connectors with the largest number of contacts for the class and type for which qualification is desired shall be inspected. If only one class is to be qualified, six samples of the largest size consisting of four samples of type I, and two samples of type II, shall be submitted. If both class P and M connectors are being qualified at the same time, four samples of the largest size, consisting of three samples of type I, and one sample of type II, shall be submitted. If qualification of only one type of any class is desired, six samples of the largest size shall be submitted. If qualification of more than one shell finish or dielectric material is desired, quantities and tests will be determined by the qualification agency. If qualification of class M, nickel-plated connectors (for space applications only) is desired in addition to qualification of class P and M cadmium plated connectors, four samples (three type I and one type II connector) of the largest size of class M, nickel plated connector proposed for qualification shall be submitted in addition to all other samples submitted. In addition, four samples of type II (solid wire and solder cup) shall be tested to group V only of table VII.

4.3.1.2 Contacts. Individual contacts to be used in the connectors proposed for qualification shall be subject to crimp tensile strength testing in accordance with group IV of table VII. Twenty contact mating pairs for each wire type, shall be tested for qualification purposes and 10 contact mating pairs for each particular design shall be tested for retention of qualification (see 3.4.5).

4.3.1.3 Qualification of other connector sizes. For other connector sizes only, of both class P and M, types I and II for which qualification is desired, two completely assembled type I mating connector pairs for each size and class shall be subjected to the tests of table VII. Successful qualification of type I connectors will qualify type II. If only qualification of one type is desired, only two each additional connectors of that type are to be submitted.

4.3.2 Inspection routine. The samples shall be subjected to the inspections specified in table VII, in the order shown. All sample units shall be subjected to the inspections of group I. The sample shall then be divided equally into two groups; one shall be subjected to the group II inspections, and the other shall be subjected to the group III inspections. Group IV is for contacts only and the sample size shall be in accordance with 4.3.1.2.

4.3.3 Failures. One or more failures shall be cause for refusal to grant qualification approval.

4.3.4 Verification of qualification. To retain qualification, the contractor shall verify in coordination with qualifying activity the capability of manufacturing products, which meet the performance requirements of this specification. Refer to the qualifying activity for the guidelines necessary to retain qualification to this particular specification. The contractor shall immediately notify the qualifying activity at any time that the inspection data indicates failure of the qualified product to meet the performance requirements of this specification.

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TABLE VII. Qualification and verification of qualification inspection.

Inspection	Requirement paragraph	Test method paragraph
<u>Group I (all sample units)</u>		
Visual and mechanical inspection <u>1/ 8/</u>	3.1, 3.3 through 3.3.7, 3.4 through 3.4.5, 3.6 and 3.7	4.5.2
Magnetic permeability <u>2/</u>	3.5.1	4.5.3
Dielectric withstanding voltage <u>2/</u>		
At sea level <u>2/ 8/</u>	3.5.4	4.5.6.1
At altitude <u>2/</u>	3.5.4	4.5.6.2
Insulation resistance <u>8/</u>	3.5.5	4.5.7
Contact resistance <u>8/</u>	3.5.6	4.5.8
Contact engagement and separation forces	3.5.7	4.5.9
Mating and unmating force <u>8/</u>	3.5.2	4.5.4
Temperature cycling	3.5.8	4.5.10
Humidity	3.5.9	4.5.11
Dielectric withstanding voltage	3.5.4	4.5.6.1
Insulation resistance	3.5.5	4.5.7
Vibration	3.5.12	4.5.14
Shock	3.5.13	4.5.15
Durability	3.5.14	4.5.16
Contact resistance	3.5.6	4.5.8
Contact engagement and separation forces <u>3/</u>	3.5.7	4.5.9
Mating and unmating forces	3.5.2	4.5.4
<u>Group II (one-half of sample units)</u>		
Salt spray (corrosion)	3.5.15	4.5.17
Low signal level contact resistance	3.5.19	4.5.21
Contact resistance	3.5.6	4.5.8
Mating and unmating force	3.5.2	4.5.4
Contact retention <u>9/</u>	3.5.3	4.5.5
Visual and mechanical inspection <u>1/</u>	3.1, 3.3 through 3.3.7, 3.4 through 3.4.5, 3.6 and 3.7	4.5.2
<u>Group III (one-half of sample units)</u>		
Fluid immersion <u>2/</u>	3.5.16	4.5.18
Mating and unmating force <u>2/ 4/</u>	3.5.2	4.5.4
Insert retention (class M only)	3.5.17	4.5.19
Visual and mechanical inspection <u>1/</u>	3.1, 3.3 through 3.3.7, 3.4 through 3.4.5, 3.6 and 3.7	4.5.2
<u>Group IV</u>		
Crimp tensile strength type I only <u>5/</u>	3.5.18	4.5.20
Thermal vacuum outgassing (space application only) <u>6/ 7/</u>	3.5.20	4.5.22
<u>Group V (4 sample units, type II)</u>		
Solderability	3.5.11	4.5.13
Resistance to soldering heat	3.5.10	4.5.12
Contact retention <u>9/</u>	3.5.3	4.5.5

See footnotes on next page.

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- 1/ All sample units, except groups IV and V.
- 2/ Not required for retention of qualification.
- 3/ Preconditioning is not required.
- 4/ Cycling of connector three times is not required.
- 5/ Loose contacts only (see 4.5.1.2).
- 6/ Space class connectors only shell finish electroless nickel.
- 7/ Not required for verification of qualifications provided there are no changes in processes and materials since last qualifications.
- 8/ Not required for group C inspections.
- 9/ Not required for connectors with printed circuit board (PCB) terminations.

4.4 Conformance inspection.

4.4.1 Inspection of product for delivery. Inspection of product for delivery shall consist of groups A and B inspections.

4.4.1.1 Inspection lot. An inspection lot shall consist of all connectors produced under essentially the same conditions, and offered for inspection at one time.

4.4.1.2 Group A inspection. Group A inspection shall consist of the inspections specified in table VIII, in the order shown.

TABLE VIII. Group A inspection.

Inspection	Requirement paragraph	Test method paragraph
Visual and mechanical inspection	3.1, 3.3 to 3.3.7 inclusive, 3.4 to 3.4.5 inclusive, 3.6 and 3.7	4.5.2
Dielectric withstanding voltage (at sea level)	3.5.4	4.5.6.1
Insulation resistance	3.5.5	4.5.7

4.4.1.2.1 Sampling plan (group A). Table VIII tests shall be performed on a production lot basis. Samples shall be selected in accordance with table IX. If one or more defects are found, the lot shall be screened for that particular defect and defects removed. A new sample of parts shall be selected in accordance with table IX and all group A tests again performed. If one or more defects are found in the second sample, the lot shall be rejected and shall not be supplied to this specification.

TABLE IX. Lot and sample size.

Lot size	Visual and mechanical examination
2 to 13	100%
14 to 150	13
151 to 280	20
281 to 500	29
501 to 1,200	34
1,201 to 3,200	42
3,201 to 10,000	50
10,001 to 35,000	60
35,001 to 150,000	74
150,001 to 500,000	90
500,001 and over	102

4.4.1.3 Group B inspection. Group B inspection shall consist of the inspections specified in table X and shall be made on sample units randomly selected from inspection lots which have been subjected to and have passed the group A inspection.

TABLE X. Group B inspection.

Inspection	Requirement paragraph	Test method paragraph
Contact resistance	3.5.6	4.5.8
Mating and unmating force	3.5.2	4.5.4

4.4.1.3.1 Sampling plan. Table X tests shall be performed on a production lot basis. Samples shall be selected in accordance with table IX. If one or more defects are found, the lot shall be screened for that particular defect and defects removed. After screening and removal of defects, a new sample of parts shall be randomly selected and subjected to all tests in accordance with table X. If one or more defects are found in the second sample the lot shall be rejected and shall not be supplied to this specification.

4.4.1.3.2 Disposition of sample units. Sample units, which have passed all of group B inspection, may be delivered on the contract, if the lot is accepted.

4.4.2 Periodic inspection. Periodic inspection shall consist of group C inspection. Except where the results of these inspections show noncompliance with the applicable requirements (see 4.6.2.1.4), delivery of products which have passed groups A and B inspections shall not be delayed pending the results of these inspections.

4.4.2.1 Group C inspection. Group C inspection shall consist of the inspections specified in table VII, in the order shown. Group C inspection shall be made on sample units selected from inspection lots, which have passed the groups A and B inspections.

4.4.2.1.1 Sampling plan. Group C inspection shall be performed every 36 months on samples from units produced during the period. Sampling shall be in accordance with 4.3.1 except sample size shall be 2 each of class P and class M with type I contacts. If submitting more than one shell finish sample size shall be 2 samples of class M (cadmium) and one sample class M (nickel) with type I contacts. If submitting only one type of any class sample size shall be 2 samples of each class. The connectors shall have their full complement of contacts. The samples shall be subjected to the inspections of group I of table VII. The samples shall then be divided equally into two groups; one shall be subjected to the group II inspections, and the other shall be subjected to the group III inspections. The sample size used for the crimp tensile strength test of group IV shall be in accordance with 4.3.1.2. Two additional type II samples shall be subjected to group V inspection only in accordance with 4.3.1.1.

4.4.2.1.2 Failures. If one or more sample units fail to pass group C inspection, the samples shall be considered to have failed.

4.4.2.1.3 Disposition of sample units. Sample units, which have been subjected to group C inspection, shall not be delivered on the contract.

4.4.2.1.4 Noncompliance. If a sample fails to pass group C inspection, the manufacturer shall notify the qualifying activity and the cognizant inspection activity of such failure and take corrective action on the materials or processes, or both, as warranted, and on all units of product which can be corrected and which were manufactured under essentially the same materials and processes, and which are considered subject to the same failure. Acceptance of the product shall be discontinued until corrective action, acceptable to the qualifying activity has been taken. After the corrective action has been taken, group C inspection shall be repeated on additional sample units (all inspections, or the inspection which the original sample failed, at the option of the qualifying activity). Groups A and B inspections may be reinstated; however, final acceptance and shipment shall be withheld until the group C inspection has shown that the corrective action was successful. In the event of failure after reinspection, information concerning the failure and corrective action shall be made available to the cognizant inspection activity and the qualifying activity.

4.5 Methods of inspection.

4.5.1 Test methods. The following identified tests and test methods assure connector integrity within typical operating conditions and applications. Alternate commercial industry standard test methods are allowed, however when an alternate method is used, the qualifying activity must be notified prior to performance of the test. The test methods described herein are proven methods and shall be the referee method in cases of dispute.

4.5.2 Visual and mechanical inspection. Contacts and connectors shall be examined to ensure conformance with this specification and the applicable detail documents not covered by the performance requirements of 3.5. In process controls of component parts, unrelated to lot sizes of finished connectors, may be utilized in lieu of examination of these components in the finished contacts or connectors to assure conformance of these component parts. Examination in a continuing manner shall be performed to assure compliance with the following requirements:

- a. Specification sheets (3.1).
- b. Materials (3.3 to 3.3.7 inclusive).
- c. Design, construction and physical dimensions (3.4 to 3.4.5 inclusive).
- d. Marking (3.6).
- e. Workmanship (3.7).

4.5.2.1 Final examination. Final examination of crimp contacts shall include a thorough examination to insure that the contact is free from mechanical defects, that there are no cracks around the crimp area, and that the contacts meet the physical requirements specified herein. Examination shall be made with a device having magnification power of approximately 3X.

4.5.3 Magnetic permeability. Permeability shall be measured on connectors with an instrument conforming to ASTM A342. The connectors may be wired or unwired, but shall not be carrying current. Requirements shall be as specified in 3.5.1.

4.5.4 Mating and unmating force. Connectors shall be rigidly mounted in a manner to permit mating and unmating of the counterpart connectors, and with instrumentation capable of measuring the specified forces. Gradually increasing axial loads shall be applied until plugs and receptacles are fully mated (see figure 1). Then the forces shall be applied so as to disengage the connectors. The forces shall be measured in both directions and shall conform to the requirements of 3.5.2. No one connector half may be used as a test fixture for more than 500 cycles of mating and unmating. Subject connector pairs to three mate/unmate cycles before initial measurements are taken.

4.5.5 Contact retention. Connectors shall be tested in accordance with method 2007 of MIL-STD-1344. The following details and exceptions shall apply:

- a. Number of samples: Twenty percent, but not less than seven contacts of the test specimen shall be tested.
- b. Applied axial load: Approximately one pound per second until the load specified in 3.5.3 has been reached. Maintain load for 5 seconds minimum.
- c. Maximum allowable contact displacement during application of specified force and after removal of specified force: .005 inch.
- d. When pin or socket contact are tested, the load shall be applied by pulling on the pigtail. Wire breakage outside of the connector is not a failure.

4.5.6 Dielectric withstanding voltage.

4.5.6.1 Sea level. Mated or unmated connectors shall be tested in accordance with method 3001 of MIL-STD-1344. The applicable test voltage specified in table I shall be applied between all adjacent contacts and between the shell and each peripheral contact of type M only. Requirements shall be as specified in 3.5.4. For group A inspection testing, voltage shall be applied for a minimum of 10 seconds.

4.5.6.2 Altitude. The connectors shall be tested in accordance with method 3001 of MIL-STD-1344, with altitude pressure of 35.5 torr, at the simulated altitude of 70,000 feet. All other requirements are stated in 4.5.6.1.

4.5.7 Insulation resistance. Mated connectors shall be tested in accordance with method 3003 of MIL-STD-1344. Test voltage shall be 500 volts \pm 10 percent initially, then reduced to 100 volts \pm 10 percent after humidity. The resistance shall be measured between 50 percent, but not less than four pairs of adjacent contacts and between 50 percent, but not less than six contacts adjacent to the shell (type M only). The contacts selected shall be those having the closest spacing between measurement points and the measured resistance shall be as required by 3.5.5.

4.5.8 Contact resistance. Twenty percent, but no less than seven contacts of the mated connectors shall be tested. The potential drop of each mated pair of pins and sockets shall be measured after temperature stabilization with the specified current flowing through the contacts at an ambient temperature of $25^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$ (see 3.5.6). The applicable test circuit shall be as shown on figure 2, and contacts shall be fully mated (see figure 1). For printed circuit connectors the, voltage leads shall be located at the extreme ends of the contacts. For crimp or solder type contacts that are mated to PC connectors the voltage leads shall be located on the wire, at closest point to contact without touching contact.

4.5.9 Contact engagement and separation forces. Twenty percent, but no less than seven contacts in each connector shall be tested. Socket test sleeve (see figure 3) shall be mounted in a suitable position or fixture for applying gradually increasing axial loads for the engagement and separation of pin contacts from the test bushing. The pin contact shall not bottom in the socket test sleeve. Engagement and separation forces shall meet the requirements as specified in 3.5.7 when contacts are tested as follows:

- a. Insert and separate a pin contact in a minimum diameter test sleeve, then insert and remove the pin contact in a maximum diameter test sleeve. During separation from the maximum test sleeve, the minimum separation force shall conform to 3.5.7.
- b. Insert and separate a pin contact in a minimum diameter test sleeve three times. During the third cycle, the engagement force shall conform to 3.5.7.

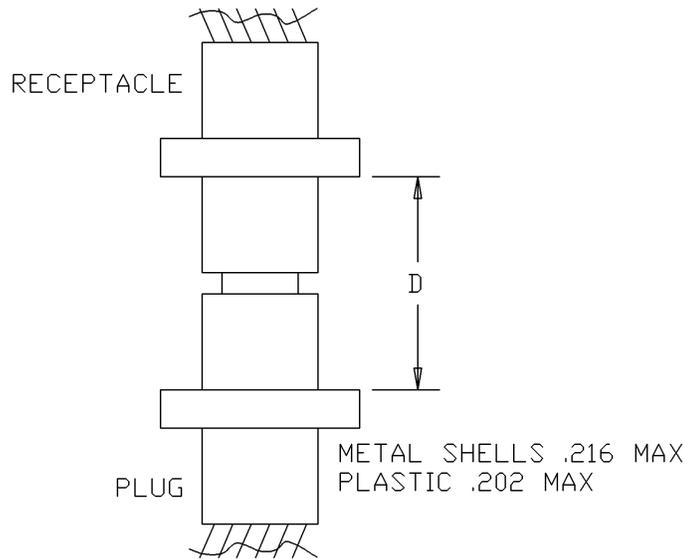
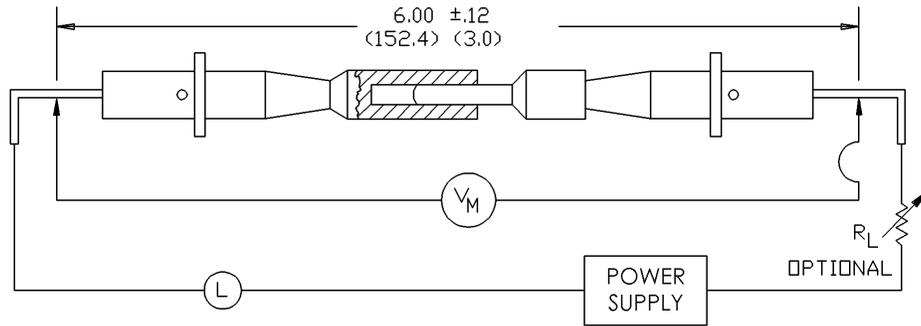


FIGURE 1. Connectors, fully mated.

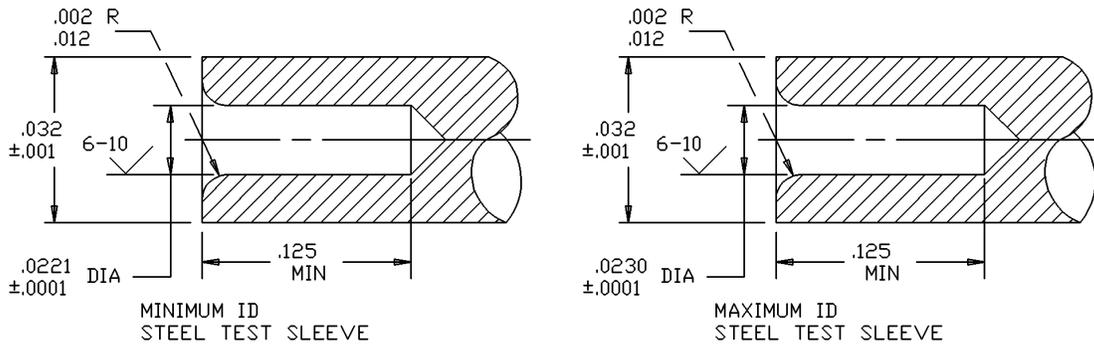
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NOTES:

1. Voltage drop measurement connection points may be permanent connections and may be protected by potting or equivalents means.
2. A 6.00 inch dimension is not applicable to group B inspection (see 3.1). Total resistance equals the wire resistance plus the mated contact resistance.
3. For printed circuit connectors refer to 4.5.8 for method of connection.

FIGURE 2. Test circuit for measurement of contact resistance.



Inches	mm	Inches	mm
.0001	0.0025	.0221	0.561
.001	0.03	.0230	0.584
.002	0.05	.032	0.81
.012	0.30	.125	3.18

NOTES:

1. Dimensions are in inches.
2. Metric equivalents are given for information only.

FIGURE 3. Test sleeve.

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4.5.10 Temperature cycling. Unmated connectors shall be tested in accordance with method 1003, test condition A of MIL-STD-1344, except that the maximum temperature shall be $125^{\circ}\text{C} +3^{\circ}\text{C}$, -0°C . At the completion of the last cycle, the connectors shall be returned to room temperature for further examination and shall meet the requirements of 3.5.8.

4.5.11 Humidity. The connectors shall be fully wired and mated. Then the connectors shall be subjected to testing in accordance with method 1002, type II of MIL-STD-1344 (except steps 7a and 7b shall not be required). The following exceptions and details as required by 3.5.9 shall apply:

- a. After the 24-hour conditioning period, the insulation resistance shall be measured as specified in 3.5.5.
- b. Upon completion of step 6 of the final cycle, connectors shall be removed from the chamber, unmated, and surface moisture removed from the inserts. Immediately following removal of surface moisture, dielectric withstanding voltage test of 4.5.6.1 (sea level) and insulation resistance test of 4.5.6 shall be performed for all classes of connectors within 1 to 2 hours.

4.5.12 Resistance to soldering heat (see 3.5.10). All solder cup termination type connectors shall be tested as follows:

- a. Unless otherwise specified, the applicable copper wire size 2 to 4 inches in length, properly prepared for the applicable solder cup size shall be inserted into the contact termination. Seven contacts or 20 percent of the contacts, whichever is greater, shall be tested.
- b. The test specimens shall be fluxed (see 3.5.21) accordingly with liquid or other techniques.
- c. Unless otherwise specified, a pencil type solder iron rated for 25 watts shall be used.
- d. The solder iron shall be heated to a temperature of $360^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 10^{\circ}\text{C}$ and shall be applied along with SN-63 solder to the termination for a time duration allowing the solder to become liquid and remain in the liquid state for 4 to 5 seconds.
- e. After application, the soldering iron shall be removed and a visual and mechanical inspection performed. The visual inspection shall be at 10X.
- f. The connector shall show no evidence of distortion or damage to any area of the connector housing or evidence of contact misalignment.

4.5.13 Solderability (see 3.5.11).

- a. Connectors with wire terminations (A-A-59551) shall be tested for solderability in accordance with MIL-STD-202, method 208.
- b. Connectors with wire cup termination shall be tested for solderability using the following methods.
 - (1) Test samples shall not be cleaned prior to soldering.
 - (2) Test sample connectors shall have the solder cups dipped in, or brushed with, flux type RMA just prior to the application of solder.
 - (3) A pencil type soldering iron shall be used, with temperature regulated to $300^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 10^{\circ}\text{C}$ to heat the test solder cups.

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- (4) After heating the test solder cups to a solder melt temperature, 63/37 tin-lead type solder shall be applied to fill the solder cup to a solder capacity which will result in solder wetting the entire cup surface and forming a solder fill meniscus across the open portion of the solder cup.
- (5) The finished solder fill shall be smooth and slightly concave with clear wetting and adhesion to all internal surfaces of the solder cup. Inspection shall be aided by a 10X optical aid.
- (6) Twenty percent, but not less than 7 contacts of test specimens shall be tested.

4.5.14 Vibration. The connector assembly shall be mounted, as specified herein and vibrated in accordance with method 2005, test condition IV of MIL-STD-1344. All contacts shall be wired in series with at least 100 milliamperes of current allowed to flow. A suitable instrument shall be employed to monitor the current flow and to indicate any discontinuity of contact or interruption of current flow. Requirements shall be as specified in 3.5.12.

4.5.14.1 Connector mounting. Each receptacle shall be mounted on a suitable fixture, which in turn shall be attached to a vibration table. A suitable sensor shall monitor the vibration of the receptacles at a point on or near the receptacle. A counterpart plug shall be engaged with the receptacle and shall be held by normal locking means. The wire bundles attached to the receptacle shall be clamped to nonvibrating points at least 4 inches from the rear of the receptacle. The wire bundles attached to the plug shall be clamped to a vibrating point $4 \pm 1/2$ inches from the rear of the plug. The clamping length shall be chosen to avoid resonance of the wire bundles.

4.5.15 Shock. Mated connectors shall be subjected to test condition E, method 2004 of MIL-STD-1344. One shock shall be applied to each direction of the three major axes of the connectors. Receptacles shall be mounted similar to the mounting of 4.5.14.1. Plugs shall be engaged with the receptacles and shall be held by normal locking means. All contacts shall be wired in series with a minimum of 100 milliamperes of current allowed to flow and the wire bundles shall be clamped to structures that move with the connectors. A minimum of 8 inches of wire shall be unsupported behind the rear of the receptacle and $4 \pm 1/2$ inches of wire shall be unsupported behind the rear of the plug. A suitable instrument shall be employed to indicate any discontinuity or interruption of current flow. Requirements shall be as specified in 3.5.13.

4.5.16 Durability. Counterpart connectors shall be mated and unmated 500 times at a rate of 200 ± 100 cycles per hour in a manner to simulate actual service. Upon completion of durability conditioning, connectors shall be as specified in 3.5.14.

4.5.17 Salt spray (corrosion). Mated connectors shall be subjected to a salt spray test in accordance with method 1001, condition B of MIL-STD-1344. After exposure, connectors shall be thoroughly washed with tap water to remove all salt deposits and then shall be dried in a circulating air oven at a temperature of $38^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 3^{\circ}\text{C}$ for a period of 12 hours. Connectors shall then be visually examined for evidence of corrosion and subjected to the low circuit resistance test of 4.5.21, contact resistance test of 4.5.8, and mating and unmating force test of 4.5.4. After completion of salt spray testing, connector shall be as specified in 3.5.15.

4.5.18 Fluid immersion. Unmated connectors shall be immersed fully in the fluids specified below for the required periods. At least one connector shall be immersed in each fluid. After removal from the fluid, each connector shall remain for 1 hour in free air at room conditions. Subsequent testing shall be performed on connectors mated with the same mating connectors used previously in the test. The connector shall be mated per the requirement of 4.5.4. The mating force shall not exceed the force requirement of 3.5.2 at the distances denoted on figure 3. Following mating, connectors shall be cleaned in a suitable solvent to remove the cleaning solvents and lubricating oil.

- a. Lubricating oil Aircraft turbine engines, synthetic base: 20 hours.
- b. Coolant-dielectric fluid synthetic silicate ester base lubricant (coolanol 25 or equivalent): 1 hour ± 1 minute.

4.5.19 Insert retention (class M connectors only). Inserts shall be subjected to axial loads in each direction. Loading shall be accomplished by applying air pressure or equivalent load. The pressure shall be increased gradually at a rate approximately 10 psi per second until the pressure specified in 3.5.17 is reached. The insert shall retain its normal position in the connector shell for at least 5 seconds at the maximum pressure specified in 3.5.17.

4.5.20 Crimp tensile strength (type I contacts only). Specimens of contacts crimped to wires shall be placed in a standard tensile-testing machine and an axial load shall be applied. The holding surfaces or clamps of tensile testing machine may be serrated to provide sufficient gripping or holding strength. The rate of travel of the head of the testing machine shall be approximately 1 inch per minute minimum. The crimp tensile shall be as specified in 3.5.18.

4.5.21 Low-signal level contact resistance (see 3.5.19). The low-signal level contact resistance test procedure shall be in accordance with method 3002 of MIL-STD-1344. The following detail shall apply: Environmental conditioning not required.

4.5.22 Thermal vacuum outgassing (space classes only, see 3.5.20). All nonmetallic materials, including lubricants, used in the manufacture of these connectors shall be tested in accordance with SP-R-0022 or ASTM-E595 to determine the maximum TML of the original specimen mass and the VCM content of the original specimen mass. For the purpose of determining TML and VCM of connectors, the original specimen mass shall be the assembled connector mass excluding metallic parts. The TMC and VCM for the connectors may be determined by testing the specific materials of the connector and calculating the loss for the connector.

5. PACKAGING

5.1 Packaging. For acquisition purposes, the packaging requirement shall be as specified in the contract or order (see 6.2). When actual packaging of material is to be performed by DoD personnel, these personnel need to contact the responsible packaging activity to ascertain requisite packaging requirements. Packaging requirements are maintained by the Inventory Control Point's packaging activity within the Military Department or Defense Agency, or within the Military Department's System Command. Packaging data retrieval is available from the managing Military Department's or Defense Agency's automated packaging files, CD-ROM products, or by contacting the responsible packaging activity.

6. NOTES

(This section contains information of a general or explanatory nature, which may be helpful but is not mandatory.)

6.1 Intended use. These connectors are intended for use in airborne, ground support, and shipboard electrical and electronic equipment in nonenvironmental resisting applications where the operating temperature ranges from -55°C to +125°C. These connectors are not intended for use in blind mating rack and panel applications.

6.1.1 Class M connectors. Class M connectors may be used in applications where some exposure to high humidity is experienced.

6.1.2 Class P connectors. Class P connectors are intended for use in low humidity controlled environments such as telecommunications, computers, sealed enclosures, etc.

6.1.3 Space application. Electroless nickel is intended to be used in space applications. Cadmium is not to be used in space applications.

6.2 Acquisition requirements. Acquisition documents should specify the following:

- a. Title, number, and date of this specification.
- b. Title, number, and date of the applicable specification sheet and the complete PIN (see 3.1).

6.3 Qualification. With respect to products requiring qualification, awards will be made only for products which are at the time of award of contract, qualified for inclusion in the applicable qualified products list QPL No. 83513 whether or not such products have actually been so listed by that date. The attention of the contractors is called to these requirements, and manufacturers are urged to arrange to have the products that they propose to offer to the Federal Government tested for qualification in order that they may be eligible to be awarded contracts or purchase orders for the products covered by this specification. Information pertaining to qualification of products may be obtained from the Defense Supply Center Columbus (DSCC-VQ), Document Control Unit, Columbus, OH 43216.

6.4 Subject term (key word) listing.

Arrangement
Connector
Contacts
Dielectric
Engagement
Force
Hardware
Inserts
Insulation resistance
Materials
Metals
Military specification
Packaging
Plug
Polarization
Receptacle
Shells

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CONCLUDING MATERIAL

Custodians:

Army - CR
Navy - EC
Air Force - 11
DLA - CC

Preparing activity:
DLA - CC

(Project 5935-4310)

Review activities:

Army - AT, CR4, MI
Navy - AS, CG, SH, MC
Air Force - 99

STANDARDIZATION DOCUMENT IMPROVEMENT PROPOSAL

INSTRUCTIONS

1. The preparing activity must complete blocks 1, 2, 3, and 8. In block 1, both the document number and revision letter should be given.
2. The submitter of this form must complete blocks 4, 5, 6, and 7, and send to preparing activity.
3. The preparing activity must provide a reply within 30 days from receipt of the form.

NOTE: This form may not be used to request copies of documents, nor to request waivers, or clarification of requirements on current contracts. Comments submitted on this form do not constitute or imply authorization to waive any portion of the referenced document(s) or to amend contractual requirements.

I RECOMMEND A CHANGE:		1. DOCUMENT NUMBER MIL-DTL-83513E	2. DOCUMENT DATE (YYYYMMDD) 20020509
3. DOCUMENT TITLE Connectors, Electrical, Rectangular, Microminiature, Polarized Shell, General Specification for			
4. NATURE OF CHANGE <i>(Identify paragraph number and include proposed rewrite, if possible. Attach extra sheets as needed.)</i>			
5. REASON FOR RECOMMENDATION			
6. SUBMITTER			
a. NAME <i>(Last, First, Middle Initial)</i>		b. ORGANIZATION	
c. ADDRESS <i>(Include zip code)</i>		d. TELEPHONE <i>(Include Area Code)</i> (1) Commercial (2) DSN <i>(if applicable)</i>	7. DATE SUBMITTED <i>(YYYYMMDD)</i>
8. PREPARING ACTIVITY			
a. NAME Defense Logistics Agency Defense Supply Center, Columbus		b. TELEPHONE <i>(Include Area Code)</i> (1) Commercial 614-692-0538 (2) DSN 850-0538	
c. ADDRESS <i>(Include Zip Code)</i> DSCC-VAI P.O. Box 3990 Columbus, Ohio 43216-5000		IF YOU DO NOT RECEIVE A REPLY WITHIN 45 DAYS, CONTACT: Defense Standardization Program Office (DLSC-LM) 8725 John J. Kingman Road, Suite 2533 Fort Belvoir, Virginia 22060-6621 Telephone (703) 767-6888 DSN 427-6888	